

Better data for better child protection systems in Europe



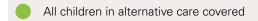
Malta

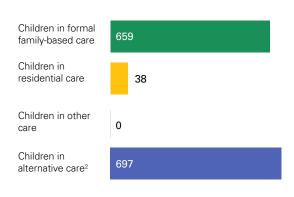


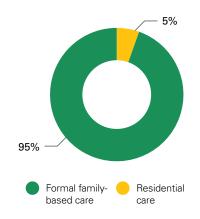
Red indicates that the variable is not collected or the statement not true, green that it is. If no information was found about any of the points in the overview for the particular country, the points are removed on the page for that country.

Children in formal family-based care
Children in residential care
Children in other care
Children in alternative care

Total number of children in alternative care¹







Headline statistics³

The rate of children aged 0-17 in alternative care at a specific point in time (per 100,000)	847
The rate of children aged 0-17 in residential care at a specific point in time (per 100,000)	46
The rate of children aged 0-17 in formal family-based care at a specific point in time (per 100,000)	800
The percentage of children aged 0-17 in residential care (of the total number of children in alternative care) at a specific point in time	5.5%

Decentralised alternative care and data system
Data on alternative care published
Is the data system on children in alternative care covered in legislation?
Is the overarching term, in line with 'alternative care', used in legislation?

Formal kinship care is a subdivision of foster care

Data system

Recent or current reform of data system on children in alternative care

Data collected per individual child

Personal identification numbers used

More than one agency mandated to collect data

Data collected on quality of care and outcomes



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iables collected on	
Age	Reason for entry into care
Sex	Placement decision maker
Unaccompanied minor status	Reintegrated with family
Statelessness	Adopted
Disability status	Leaving care due to death
Parental status	Age on leaving care
esidential care Official maximum number of places in a	a small group home: 8
Official maximum number of places in largest type of residential care facilities: 8	
Data collected on length of stay	
Data collected on number of staff and t	heir qualifications
All forms of residential child care are re	cognised as alternative care

Helpful examples

The Directorate on Alternative Care keeps regular contact with children and communicates with them to help them express any concerns they might have.

The Case Management Software was introduced in 2016. It has provided a more secure system in which data are stored. Staff receive training on keeping the data and refresher courses.

Room for improvement

There is no specific law that regulates statistical and monitoring system for children in alternative care.

The placement-type categories and residential home addresses are updated regularly, which may change the data and complicate longitudinal tracking.

Source: The DataCare project, 2021.

Endnotes

- 1 Data for 31/12/2020, provided on request by the Directorate for Alternative Care.
- 2 It is not clear if NGO- and church-run services are included in the data.
- Calculated by the DataCare project team using, where relevant, country-specific population statistics from the UNICEF DataWarehouse. Source: https://data.unicef.org/resources/data_explorer/unicef_f/?ag=UNICEF&df=DM&ver=1.0&dq=.DM_POP_U18...&startPeriod=2010&endPeriod=2020.