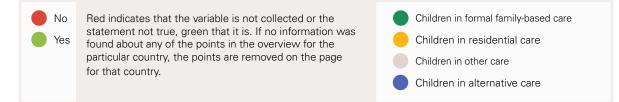
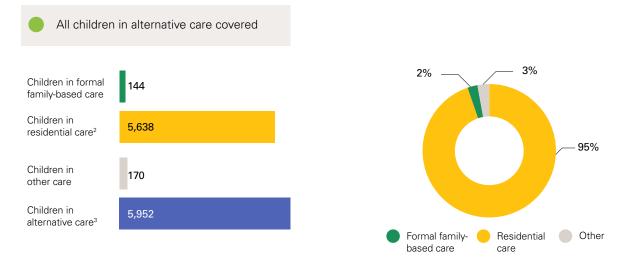




Portugal



Total number of children in alternative care¹



Headline statistics⁴

The rate of children aged 0-17 in alternative care at a specific point in time (per 100,000)	356
The rate of children aged 0-17 in residential care at a specific point in time (per 100,000)	337
The rate of children aged 0-17 in formal family-based care at a specific point in time (per 100,000)	
The percentage of children aged 0-17 in residential care (of the total number of children in alternative care) at a specific point in time	94.7%

Country system	Data system
Decentralised alternative care and data system	Recent or current reform of data system on children in alternative care
Data on alternative care published	Data collected per individual child
Is the data system on children in alternative care covered in legislation?	Personal identification numbers used
Is the overarching term, in line with 'alternative care', used in legislation?	More than one agency mandated to collect data
Formal kinship care is a subdivision of foster care	Data collected on quality of care and outcomes





Variables collected on

Age	Reason for entry into care
Sex Sex	Placement decision maker
Unaccompanied minor status	Reintegrated with family
Statelessness	Adopted
Disability status	Leaving care due to death
Parental status	Age on leaving care

Residential care

Official maximum number of places in a small group home
Official maximum number of places in largest type of residential care facilities
Data collected separately for small group homes and large institutions
Data collected on length of stay
Data collected on number of staff and their qualifications

Helpful examples

All children and young people in alternative care are included in the census.

Room for improvement

Children's views on the care they receive are completely absent from the current set of data.

There is a lack of transparent information on the data system and the use of the data.

Source: The DataCare project, 2021.

Endnotes

- 1 Data for 01/11/2019. Source: CASA 2019 Relatório de Caracterização Anual da Situação de Acolhimento das Crianças e Jovens. Instituto da Segurança Social, I.P. Data mostly for children 0-17 except where indicated – due to the CASA 2019 report not disaggregating specific forms of 'residential' and 'other' types of care.
- 2 Here data is split between data for 0-17s and 0-21s+ as reported in the CASA 2019 report. Data for 0-17s includes generic residential care (acolhimento residencial generalista), specialised residential care (lar de infância e juventude especializado) & semi-independent living (apartamento/ lar autonomização), totalling for 5,284. Data for 0-21s+ includes residential home (lar residencial), support homes (lar de apoio), insertion community (comunidade de inserção), therapeutic community (comunidade terapêutica) & mental health units for continuous integrated care (Unidades e equipas prestadoras de cuidados continuados integrados de saúde mental; Note no data available), totalling for 354).
- 3 Most of the data are for those aged 0-21.
- 4 Calculated by the DataCare project team using, where relevant, country-specific population statistics from the UNICEF Data Warehouse. Source: https://data.unicef.org/resources/data_explorer/unicef_f/?ag=UNICEF&df=DM&ver=1.0&dq=.DM_POP_U18...&startPeriod=2010&endPeriod=2020.